

U.S. History – Chapters 14 & 15 Study Guide

The Coming of War (1931 – 1942) / World War II (1941 – 1945)

Chapter 14 – The Coming of War (1931 – 1942)

What events caused World War II and how did the United States become involved?

14.1 – Dictators and Wars

Why did totalitarian states rise after World War I, and what did they do?

Totalitarianism –

Joseph Stalin –

Benito Mussolini
Fascist Party

Blackshirts

In 1935, Italy invaded _____

Adolf Hitler
Mein Kampf

Anti-Semitic

Lebensraum =

- 1. In 1935,**
- 2. In 1936,**

What conditions in Germany contributed to Hitler's rise to power?

In Japan, military leaders argued that _____ would solve the country's economic troubles and guarantee future security.

Manchuko

Rape of Nanjing

Spanish Civil War

Appeasement
Why? (442)

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**

Munich Pact

14.2 – From Isolation to Involvement

How did Americans react to events in Europe and Asia in the early years of WW II?

Germany signs a non-aggression pact with _____

WWII starts when Germany attacks _____

Blitzkrieg

<i>Axis</i>	<i>Allies</i>
-	-
-	-
-	-
	-
	-

Maginot Line

Miracle of Dunkirk

Winston Churchill

Battle of Britain

The blitz =

Edward R. Murrow

Neutrality Act of 1939

Cash-and-carry

<i>Isolationists</i>	<i>Interventionists</i>
•	
•	
•	
•	

FDR's Four Freedoms

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Lend-Lease Act

14.3 – America Enters the War

How did the United States react to the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor?

Hideki Tojo

Pearl Harbor

Douglas MacArthur

Bataan Death March

Chapter 15 – World War II (1941 – 1945)

What impact did World War II have on America and the world?

15.1 – The Allies Turn the Tide

How did the Allies turn the tide against the Axis?

Wolf Packs

Battle of Stalingrad

Dwight Eisenhower

Erwin Rommel

Tuskegee Airmen

Battle of Midway

15.2 – The Home Front

How did the war change America at home?

Rosie the Riveter

Japanese Internment Camps

Issei & Nisei

Korematsu v. United States

Ration Books & Victory Gardens

15.3 – Victory in Europe and the Pacific

How did the Allies defeat the Axis powers?

D-Day

Battle of the Bulge

V-E Day

Harry S. Truman

Navajo Code Talkers

Island-hopping

Manhattan Project

J. Robert Oppenheimer

Hiroshima & Nagasaki

15.4 – The Holocaust

How did the Holocaust develop and what were its results?

Holocaust

Kristallnacht

Concentration camps

15.5 – Effects of the War

What were the major immediate and long-term effects of World War II?

Yalta Conference

United Nations

Geneva Convention

Nuremberg War Crimes Trials